

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, [cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl groups in which the clyloalkyl group contains 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms and groups of formula II:

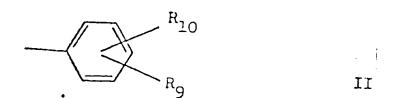
II



in which R_9 and R_{10} , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo and alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms; I in which R_2 is selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms; in which R_3 and R_4 , which are the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of H, straight or branched chain alkyl groups containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon ato[o]ms, cycloalkyl groups in which the ring contains 3 to 7 carbon atoms, and a group of formula CHO [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom form an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring

having 5 or 6 atoms in the ring optionally containing further heteroatoms in addition to the nitrogen atom]; in which R_5 and R_6 , which are the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of H, halo, trifluoromethyl, alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkythio groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms and phenyl, or R_5 and R_6 , together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by at least one halo, alkyl or alkoxy group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or the substituents of the second benzene ring together with the two carbon atoms to which they are attached form a further benzene ring.

Claim 2 (3x amended). A compound [of formula I] according to claim 1 in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 4 carbon atoms, [cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 atoms, cycloalkylmethyl groups in which the cycloalkyl ring contains 3 to 6 carbons atoms or a group of the formula II:



in which R_9 and R_{10} are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro and methoxy] and R_2 is H or methyl.

Claim 3 (3x amended). A compound [of formula I] according to claim 2 in which R_1 is isopropyl, isobutyl[,] or

[secondary] sec-butyl, [cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclopropylmethyl cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl and phenyl, R_3 and R_{II} are selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl and formyl, [or R_{3} and R_{4} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing one nitrogen atom and 4 or 5 carbon atoms which is optionally substituted by one or more alkyl groups or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing a second nitrogen atom which is optionally alkylated or a heterocyclic ring including one or more double bonds] and $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{5}}$ and $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{6}}$ are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, trifluoromethyl, methyl, methoxy and phenyl, or \mathbf{R}_5 and \mathbf{R}_6 together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by halo.

Claim π_4 (3x amended). A compound according to claim 1 of the formula III:

$$R_{5} = \frac{CR_{1}R_{2} \cdot NR_{5}R_{4}}{R_{6}}$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 6 carbon atoms[, cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl groups in which

the cycloalkyl group contains 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms and groups of formula II:

in which $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{Q}}$ and $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{10}}\text{,}$ which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo and alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms]; [in which] R_2 is selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms; [in which] R_3 and R_4 , which are the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of H, straight or branched chain alkyl groups containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl groups in which the ring contains 3 to 7 carbon atoms, and a group of formula CHO [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom from an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring having 5 or 6 atoms in the ring optionally containing further heteroatoms in addition to the nitrogen atom]; [in which] R_5 and R₆, which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo, trifluoromethyl, alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkythio groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms and phenyl, or R_{ς} $^{
m R}$ 6, together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by at least one halo, alkyl or alkoxy group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or the substituents of the second benzene ring together with the two carbon atoms to which they are attached form a further benzene ring.

Claim β (3x amended). A compound according to claim γ in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 4 carbon atoms[, cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 atoms, cycloalkylmethyl groups in which the cycloalkyl ring contains 3 to 6 carbon atoms or a group of the formula II:

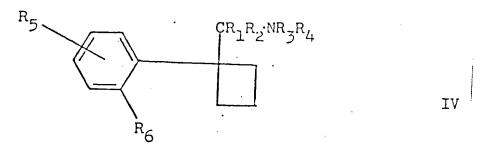
$$\begin{array}{c} R_{10} \\ R_{9} \end{array}$$

in which R_9 and R_{10} are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro and methoxy] and R_2 is H or methyl.

Claim g (3x amended). A compound according to claim f in which R_1 is isopropyl, isobutyl[,] or [secondary] sec-butyl, [cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohetyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl and phenyl,] R_3 and R_4 are selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl and formyl, [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing one nitrogen atom and 4 or 5 carbon atoms which is optionally substituted by one or more alkyl groups

or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing a second nitrogen atom which is optionally alkylated or a heterocyclic ring including one or more double bonds] and R_5 and R_6 are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, trifluoromethyl, methyl, methoxy and phenyl, or R_5 and R_6 together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by halo.

Claim 13^{7} (3x amended). A compound according to claim 1 of the formula IV:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 6 carbon atoms[, cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl groups in which the cycloalkyl group contains 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms and groups of formula II:

$$R_{\underline{10}}$$

$$R_{\underline{9}}$$
II

1 to 3 carbon atoms]; [in which] R2 is selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms; [in which] R_{γ} and R_{μ} , which are the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of H, straight or branched chain alkyl groups containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl groups in which the ring contains 3 to 7 carbon atoms, and a group of formula CHO [or $\mathbf{R_{2}}$ and $\mathbf{R_{4}}$ together with the nitrogen atom from an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring having 5 or 6 atoms in the ring optionally containing further heteroatoms in addition to the nitrogen atom]; [in which] R5 [and $R_{\hat{h}}$ which are the same or different are selected from the group of] is H, halo, trifluoromethyl, alkyl containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkythic groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms [and] or phenyl, [or R_5 and R_6 , together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, form a second benzene ring optionally

in which $R_{\rm q}$ and $R_{\rm 10}$, which are the same or different are selected

from the group consisting of H, halo and alkoxy groups containing

Claim 15 (3x amended). A compound according to claim in which R_1 is isopropyl, isobutyl[,] or [secondary] sec-butyl[, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl,

containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or the substituents of the second

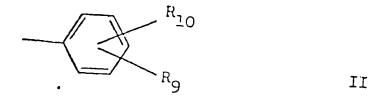
benzene ring together with the two carbon atoms to which they are

attached form a further benzene ring] and R6 is fluoro or methyl.

least one halo, alkyl or alkoxy group

substituted by at

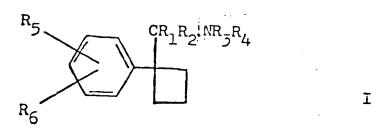
cycloheptyl, cyclopropylmethyl cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl or a group of the formula II:



in which R_9 and R_{10} are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro and methoxy,]; R_2 is H or methyl; R_3 and R_4 are selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl and formyl; [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing one nitrogen atom and 4 or 5 carbon atoms which is optionally substituted by one or more alkyl groups or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing a second nitrogen atom which is optionally alkylated or a heterocyclic ring including one or more double bonds,] R_5 is H, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, trifluoromethyl, methyl, methoxy or phenyl and R_6 is fluoro or methyl.

Claim 42, second and third line below the structural formula, delete "or phenyl".

Claim (45% (amended). A pharmaceutical composition useful for treating depression in humans which comprises an anti-depressantly effective amount of a compound of the formula I:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, [cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl groups in which the cycloalkyl group contains 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms and groups of formula II:

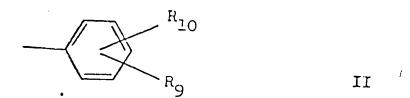


$$\begin{array}{c} R_{10} \\ R_{9} \end{array}$$

in which R_9 and R_{10} , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo and alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms]; [in which] R_2 is selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms; [in which] R_3 and R_4 , which are the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of H, straight or branched chain alkyl groups containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl groups in which the ring contains 3 to 7 carbon atoms, and a group of formula CHO [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom from an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring

having 5 or 6 atoms in the ring optionally containing further heteroatoms in addition to the nitrogen atom]; [in which] R_5 and R_6 , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo, trifluoromethyl, alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkythio groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms and phenyl, or R_5 and R_6 , together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by at least one halo, alkyl or alkoxy group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or the substituents of the second benzene ring together with the two carbon atoms to which they are attached form a further benzene ring.

Claim 54 (amended). A composition according to claim in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 4 carbon atoms, [cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 atoms, cycloalkylmethyl groups in which the cycloalkyl ring contains 3 to 6 carbons atoms or a group of the formula II:



in which R_9 and R_{10} are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro and methoxy] and R_2 is H or methyl.

Claim $\frac{76}{55}$ (amended). A composition according to claim in which R_1 is isopropyl, isobutyl[,] or [secondary]

sec-butyl, [cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylmethyl cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl and phenyl,] R_3 and R_4 are selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl and formyl, [or R_2 and R_{II} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing one nitrogen atom and 4 or 5 carbon atoms which is optionally substituted by one or more alkyl groups or $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{q}}$ and $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{u}}$ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing a second nitrogen atom which is optionally alkylated or a heterocyclic ring including one or more double bonds] and $R_{\rm b}$ and $R_{\rm b}$ are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, trifluoromethyl, methyl, methoxy and phenyl, or R_5 and R_6 together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by halo.

Claim 56 (amended). A composition according to claim 58 wherein the compound is of the formula III:

$$R_{5} = \frac{CR_{1}R_{2} \cdot NR_{3}R_{4}}{R_{6}}$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, [cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl groups in which

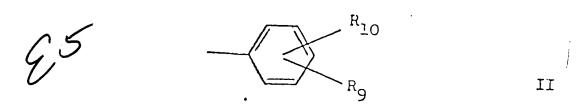
the clyloalkyl group contains 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms and groups of formula II:

$$\begin{array}{c} R_{\underline{10}} \\ \\ R_{\underline{9}} \end{array}$$

in which R_{q} and R_{10} , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo and alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms]; [in which] R₂ is selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms; [in which] R_3 and R_4 , which are the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of H, straight or branched chain alkyl groups containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl groups in which the ring contains 3 to 7 carbon atoms, and a group of formula CHO [or R_{γ} and R_{μ} together with the nitrogen atom form an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring having 5 or 6 atoms in the ring optionally containing further heteroatoms in addition to the nitrogen atom]; [in which] R_5 and R6, which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo, trifluoromethyl, alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkythio groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms and phenyl, or R_5 and $^{\mathrm{R}}$ 6, together with the carbon atoms to which they are

attached, form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by at least one halo, alkyl or alkoxy group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or the substituents of the second benzene ring together with the two carbon atoms to which they are attached form a further benzene ring.

Claim 57 (amended). A composition according to claim 56 in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 4 carbon atoms, [cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 atoms, cycloalkylmethyl groups in which the cycloalkyl ring contains 3 to 6 carbons atoms or a group of the formula II:

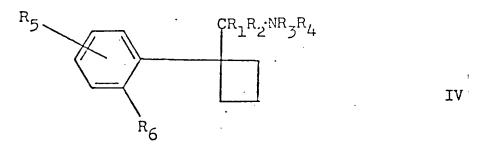


in which R_9 and R_{10} are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro and methoxy] and R_2 is H or methyl.

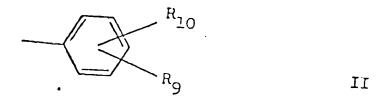
Claim 56 (amended). A composition according to claim 56 in which R_1 is isopropyl, isobutyl[,] or [secondary] secbutyl, [cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclopropylmethyl cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl and phenyl,] R_3 and R_4 are selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl and formyl, [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing one nitrogen atom and 4 or 5 carbon atoms which is optionally

substituted by one or more alkyl groups or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing a second nitrogen atom which is optionally alkylated or a heterocyclic ring including one or more double bonds] and R_5 and R_6 are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, trifluoromethyl, methyl, methoxy and phenyl, or R_5 and R_6 together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by halo.

Claim 59 (amended). A composition according to claim 59 of the formula IV:

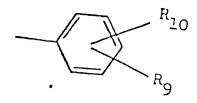


or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 6 carbon atoms[, cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl groups in which the cycloalkyl group contains 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms and groups of formula II:



in which $R_{\rm Q}$ and $R_{\rm 10}$, which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo and alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms]; [in which] R_2 is selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms; [in which] R_3 and R_4 , which are the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of H, straight or branched chain alkyl groups containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl groups in which the ring contains 3 to 7 carbon atoms, and a group of formula CHO [or R_{γ} and R_{μ} together with the nitrogen atom from an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring having 5 or 6 atoms in the ring optionally containing further heteroatoms in addition to the nitrogen atom]; [in which] R_5 [and R_{6} , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of] is] H, halo, trifluoromethyl, alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkythic groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms [and] or phenyl, [or R_5 and R_6 , together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by at least one halo, alkyl or alkoxy containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or the substituents of the second benzene ring together with the two carbon atoms to which they are attached form a further benzene ring] and R_6 is fluoro or methyl. Claim 60 (amended). A composition according to claim in which R_1 is isopropyl, isobutyl[, secondary] or sec-butyl,

[cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclopropylmethyl cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl, or a group of the formula II



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in which R_9 and R_{10} , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo and alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms]; R_2 is H or methyl, R_3 and R_4 are selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl and formyl, [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing one nitrogen atom and 4 or 5 carbon atoms which is optionally substituted by one or more alkyl groups or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing a second nitrogen atom which is optionally alkylated or a heterocyclic ring including one or more double bonds], R_5 is H, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, trifluoromethyl, methyl, methoxy or phenyl and R_6 is fluoro or methyl.

Claim 61, second line below the structural formulaa, delete "or phenyl".

Kindly delete claim 69.

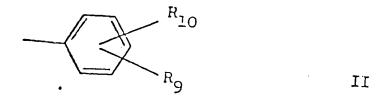
Claim 70 (amended). A method of treating depression in humans which comprises administering to a human in need thereof

an anti-depressantly effective amount of a compound of the formula I:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R_5 & CR_1R_2!NR_5R_4 \\ \hline \\ R_6 & \end{array}$$

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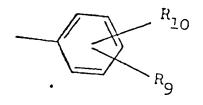
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, [cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl groups in which the cycloalkyl group contains 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms and groups of formula II:



in which R_9 and R_{10} , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo and alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms]; [in which] R_2 is selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms; [in which] R_3 and R_4 , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, straight or branched

chain alkyl groups containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl groups in which the rang contains 3 to 7 carbon atoms, and a group of formula CHO [or R_{γ} and R_{μ} together with the nitrogen atom from an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring having 5 or 6 atoms in the ring optionally containing further heteroatoms in addition to the nitrogen atom]; [in which] R_5 and R6 which are the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of H, halo, trifluoromethyl, alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkythic groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms and phenyl, or R_{κ} together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by at least one halo, alkyl or alkoxy group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or the substituents of the second benzene ring together with the two carbon atoms to which they are attached form a further benzene ring, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier

Claim \mathcal{M} (amended). A method according to claim \mathcal{M} in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 4 carbon atoms, [cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 atoms, cycloalkylmethyl groups in which the cycloalkyl ring contains 3 to 6 carbons atoms or a group of the formula II:



II

in which R_9 and R_{10} are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro and methoxy and R_2 is H or methyl.

Claim \mathcal{H} (amended). A method according to claim \mathcal{H} in which R_1 is isopropyl, isobutyl[,] or [secondary] sec-butyl, [cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclopropylmethyl cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl and phenyl,] ${\rm R}_{\rm 3}$ and ${\rm R}_{\rm 4}$ are selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl and formyl, [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing one nitrogen atom and 4 or 5 carbon atoms which is optionally substituted by one or more alkyl groups or $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{Q}}$ and $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{U}}$ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing a second nitrogen atom which is optionally alkylated or a heterocyclic ring including one or more double bonds] and R_5 and R_6 are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, trifluoromethyl, methyl, methoxy and phenyl or \mathbf{R}_{5} and \mathbf{R}_{6} together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by halo.

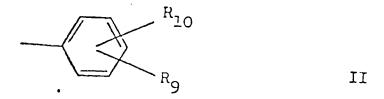
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Claim 73 (amended). A method according to claim 70 wherein the compound is of the formula III:

$$R_{5}$$
 R_{6}
 $CR_{1}R_{2}$
 $NR_{3}R_{4}$
 III

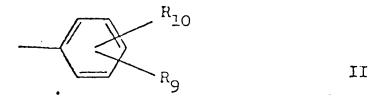
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 6 carbon atoms[, cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl groups in which the cycloalkyl group contains 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms and groups of formula II:



in which R_9 and R_{10} , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo and alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms]; [in which] R_2 is selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms; [in which] R_3 and R_4 , which are the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of H, straight or branched chain alkyl groups containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon

atoms, cycloalkyl groups in which the ring contains 3 to 7 carbon atoms, and a group of formula CHO [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom form an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring having 5 or 6 atoms in the ring optionally containing further heteroatoms in addition to the nitrogen atom]; [in which] R_5 and R_6 , which are the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of H, halo, trifluoromethyl, alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkythio groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms and phenyl, or R_5 and R_6 , together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by at least one halo, alkyl or alkoxy group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or the substituents of the second benzene ring together with the two carbon atoms to which they are attached form a further benzene ring.

Claim 74 (amended). A method according to claim 73 in which R₁ is branched chain alkyl of up to 4 carbon atoms[, cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 atoms, cycloalkylmethyl groups in which the cycloalkyl ring contains 3 to 6 carbons atoms or a group of the formula II:

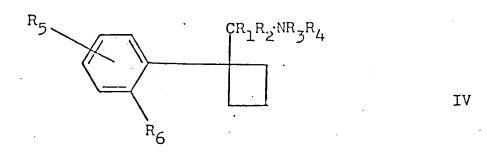


in which $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{q}}$ and $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{10}}$ are selected from the group consisting of H,

fluoro and methoxy] and R_2 is H or methyl.

Claim 75 (amended). A method according to claim 7% in which R₁ is isopropyl, isobutyl[,] or [secondary] sec-butyl, [cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclopropylmethyl cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl and phenyl,] R_3 and R_{II} are selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl and formyl, [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing one nitrogen atom and 4 or 5 carbon atoms which is optionally substituted by one or more alkyl groups or $R_{\rm q}$ and $R_{\rm H}$ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing a second nitrogen atom which is optionally alkylated or a heterocyclic ring including one or more double bonds] and R_5 and R_6 are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, trifluoromethyl, methyl, methoxy and phenyl, or R_5 and R_6 together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by halo.

Claim 16 (amended). A method according to claim 18 of the formula IV:



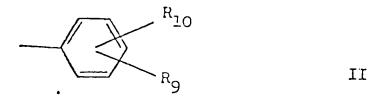
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in which R_1 is branched chain alkyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, [cycloalkyl groups containing 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl groups in which the cycloalkyl group contains 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms and groups of formula II:

 \mathcal{L}_{R_9}

in which R_9 and R_{10} , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo and alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms]; [in which] R_2 is selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms; [in which] R_3 and R_4 , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, straight or branched chain alkyl groups containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkenyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl groups having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl groups in which the ring contains 3 to 7 carbon atoms, and a group of formula CHO [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom form an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring having 5 or 6 atoms in the ring optionally containing further heteroatoms in addition to the nitrogen atom]; [in which] R_5 and R_6 , which are the same or different are selected from the group consisting of H, halo, trifluoromethyl, alkyl groups containing 1

to 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms, alkythio groups containing 1 to 3 carbon atoms and phenyl, or R_5 and R_6 , together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, form a second benzene ring optionally substituted by at least one halo, alkyl or alkoxy group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or the substituents of the second benzene ring together with the two carbon atoms to which they are attached form a further benzene ring and R_6 is fluoro or methyl.

Claim \mathcal{M} (amended). A method according to claim \mathcal{M} in which R_1 is isopropyl, isobutyl[,] or [secondary] sec-butyl, [cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclopropylmethyl cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl or a group of the formula II:



in which R_9 and R_{10} are selected from the group consisting of H, fluoro and methoxy,] R_2 is H or methyl, R_3 and R_4 are selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl and formyl, [or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing one nitrogen atom and 4 or 5 carbon atoms which is optionally substituted by one or more alkyl groups or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring containing a second